Objection Deadline: 6/15/09

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UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

In re: : Chapter 11

GENERAL MOTORS CORP., et al., Case No. 09-50026(REG)

Debtors. : (Jointly Administered)

Hon. Robert E. Gerber

OBJECTION AND RESERVATION OF RIGHTS OF SUN MICROSYSTEMS, INC. AND SUN MICROSYSTEMS GLOBAL FINANCIAL SERVICES, LLC TO NOTICES OF (I) DEBTORS' INTENT TO ASSUME AND ASSIGN CERTAIN EXECUTORY CONTRACTS, UNEXPIRED LEASES OF PERSONAL PROPERTY, AND (II) CURE AMOUNTS RELATED THERETO

TO: HONORABLE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY JUDGE:

Sun Microsystems, Inc. and Sun Microsystems Global Financial Services, LLC (collectively, "Sun") hereby files its *Objection And Reservation Of Rights Of Sun Microsystems*Inc. and Sun Microsystems Global Financial Services, LLC To Notices Of (I) Debtor's Intent To Assume And Assign Certain Executory Contracts, Unexpired Leases Of Personal Property, And

(II) Cure Amounts Related Thereto (the "Objection and Reservation of Rights") to (a) the assumption and assignment of executory contracts GM has insufficiently identified; (b) the assumption and assignment of executory contracts to which none of the Debtors is a party; (c) the proposed monetary cure amount that General Motors Corporation ("GM"), on behalf of itself and its affiliated debtors and debtors in possession in the above-referenced cases (collectively, the "Debtors")¹, contends has to be paid to Sun as a pre-condition to the assumption of certain executory contracts to which Sun and one of the Debtors are counterparties; and (d) the assignment of these executory contracts to any third party (whether or not such third party is the purchaser of any of the Debtors' assets) except upon satisfaction of the conditions set forth hereinafter.

STATEMENT OF RELIEF REQUESTED BY SUN

Sun seeks entry of an order requiring that assumption and assignment of any executory contracts and unexpired leases to which Sun is a counterparty are expressly conditioned upon -

- (1) submission by Debtors of more detailed information (*e.g.* the date of each executory contract, full contract title and/or contract number, the parties, *etc.*) to Sun identifying all specific executory contracts and unexpired leases to which Sun is a counterparty and which the Debtors seek to assume and to assign in addition to those executory contracts identified on Exhibit "A" hereto (contracts identified on Exhibit A hereinafter referred to as the "Identified Contracts");
 - (2) payment of (A) the not less than \$3,260,368.67, and such additional amounts that

¹ The Debtors and their respective Tax ID Numbers are as follows: General Motors Corporation, Tax ID. 38-0572515; Saturn, LLC, Tax ID No. 38-2577506; Saturn Distribution Corporation, Tax ID No. 38-2755764; and, Chevrolet-Saturn of Harlem, Inc., Tax ID No. 20-1426707.

become due hereafter to cure the monetary defaults under the Identified Contracts, plus (B) the monetary default existing with connection all executory contracts and unexpired leases to which Sun is a counterparty and which ultimately are determined to be subject to the *Notices of Intent To Assume and Assign* (as hereinafter identified), and all additional executory contracts or unexpired leases that are identified subsequently hereto, subject to adjustment of such amount in the event the Debtors (a) provide more specific identification by the Debtors of (i) all executory contracts and unexpired leases it contends are subject to the *Notices of Intent To Assume and Assign* (as hereinafter identified) and/or (ii) identify any additional executory contracts or unexpired leases that it seeks to assume and assign and (b) completion by Sun of its final accounting of all monetary defaults pertaining to all executory contracts to be assumed and assigned;

- (3) entry of an order specifically providing that only executory contracts or unexpired leases to which Sun and one of the Debtors are counterparties are assumed and assigned upon payment of the amounts necessary to cure all monetary defaults under such contracts and satisfaction of any other terms imposed by the Court as a condition of such assumption and assignment; and
- (4) reservation of all rights pertaining to any and all executory contracts other than the Identified Contracts on appropriate notices served as required by Court Order, including the right to assert additional cure amounts in connection with such contracts; and
 - (5) such other and further relief as may be appropriate under the circumstances.

BACKGROUND

1. On June 1, 2009 (the "Petition Date"), GM and the other Debtors filed voluntary petitions in this Court for relief under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code and, continually since

that date, the Debtors have operated as debtors-in-possession of their respective bankruptcy estates.

- 2. On June 1, 2009, the Debtors' filed the Sale and Assumption Motion² and sought entry of an order (A) authorizing and approving procedures to govern the sale process for substantially all the Debtors' assets and notices of (i) the hearing to consider authorization and approval of the sale, (ii) the assumption and assignment of executory contracts and unexpired leases of personal property and of nonresidential real property, and (iii) the approval of the UAW Retiree Settlement Agreement; (B) setting a hearing to consider the sale on June 30, 2009; and (C) authorizing and approving, among other things, (i) the sale of the Debtors' assets pursuant to the proposed Master Sale and Purchase Agreement and related agreements (the "MPA") among the Debtors (the "Sellers") and Vehicle Acquisition Holdings LLC (the "Purchaser"), a purchaser sponsored by the United States Department of the Treasury (the "U.S. Treasury"), free and clear of liens, claims, encumbrances, and other interests (the "363 Transaction"), (ii) the assumption and assignment of certain executory contracts and Leases, and (iii) the approval of UAW Retiree Settlement Agreement.
- 3. On June 2, 2009, this Court entered an order (the "Sale and Assumption Procedures Order)³, which provides, in pertinent part, as follows:
- (a) Objections to the 363 Transaction. All objections to the 363 Transaction [i.e., sale of substantially all of the assets] must be filed with the Court and

² See the Debtor's Motion Pursuant To 11 U.S.C. §§ 105, 363, And 365 And Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2002, 6004, And 6006 To (I) Approve (A) The Sale Pursuant To Master Sale And Purchase Agreement With Vehicle Acquisition Holdings LLC, A U.S. Treasury-Sponsored Purchaser; Free and Clear of Liens, Claims, Encumbrances And Other Interests; (B) The Assumption And Assignment Of Certain Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases; And (C) Other Relief; And (II) Schedule Sale Approval Hearing (the "Sale & Assumption Motion") [Dkt 92].

³ See Order Pursuant To 11 U.S.C. §§ 105, 363, And 365 And Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2002, 6004, And 6006 (I) Approving Procedures For Sale Of Debtors' Assets Pursuant To Master Sale And Purchase Agreement With Vehicle Acquisition Holdings LLC, A U.S. Treasury-Sponsored Purchaser; (II) Scheduling Bid Deadline And Sale Hearing Date; (III) Establishing Assumption And Assignment Procedures; And (IV) Fixing Notice Procedures And Approving Form Of Notice (the "Sale & Assumption Procedure Order") [Dkt 274].

served upon certain parties so as to be received by the Objection Deadline [i.e., June 19, 2009, at 5:00 p.m.] [See ¶11 of the Sale & Assumption Order.]

- (b) <u>Objections To Cure Amount and Contract Assumption/Assignment.</u> Contract Objections and Cure Objections must be filed and served in accordance with the procedure set forth in paragraph 10 of the Sale and Assumption Procedure Order (*see* III., below). Pursuant to this Order –
- (i) The Debtors were required to **serve**, within three (3) days after entry of this Order (the "Mailing Deadline") [*i.e.* not later than 6/5/09], a copy of the Sale and Assumption Procedures Order upon the non-Debtor parties to the Assumable Executory Contracts; and
- (ii) On or before the Mailing Deadline [*i.e.* not later than 6/5/09], the Debtors were required to serve a notice of the assumption and assignment of the Assumable Executory Contracts and the proposed cure amounts relating to the Assumable Executory Contracts (the "Assumption and Assignment Notice") upon the non-Debtor parties to the Assumable Executory Contracts.
- (d) The Sale And Assumption Order sets forth procedures (the "Assumption and Assignment Procedures") that govern the assumption and assignment of the Assumable Executory Contracts in connection with the sale of the Purchased Assets to the Purchaser:
- (i) <u>Determination of Assumable Executory Contracts</u>. The Sellers are required to maintain a schedule (the "Schedule") of Executory Contracts and Leases that the Purchaser has designated as Assumable Executory Contracts. [See ¶10 of the Sale & Assumption Order.] The Sellers also are required to maintain a secure website (the "Contract Website") that the non-Debtor counterparty to an Assumable Executory Contract can access to find current information about the status of its respective Executory Contract or Lease. The Contract Website contains, for each Assumable Executory Contract, (i) an identification of each Assumable Executory Contract that the Purchaser has designated for assumption and assignment and (ii) the Cure Amounts that must be paid to cure any prepetition defaults under such respective Assumable Executory Contract as of the Commencement Date. The information on the Contract Website shall be made available to the non-Debtor counterparty to the Assumable Executory Contract (the "Non-Debtor Counterparty"), but shall not otherwise be publicly available.
- (ii) Following the designation of an Executory Contract or Lease as an Assumable Executory Contract, the Debtors also are required to provide notice (the "Assumption and Assignment Notice") to the Non-Debtor Counterparty to the Assumable Executory Contract setting forth (i) instructions for accessing the information on the Contract Website relating to such Non-Debtor Counterparty's Assumable Executory Contract and (ii) the procedures for objecting to the proposed assumption and assignment of the Assumable Executory Contract. [See ¶10 of the Sale & Assumption Order.]
- 4. Subsequent to entry of the Sale And Assumption Procedures Order, the Debtors served on Sun copies of the Notices Of (I) Debtor's Intent To Assume And Assign Certain

 Executory Contracts, Unexpired Leases Of Personal Property, And (II) Cure Amounts Related

Thereto (the "Notices of Intent"), which did not identify any executory contracts or unexpired leases that the Debtors intend to assume and assign. A true and accurate copy of the Notices of Intent are attached hereto as Exhibit "B" and incorporated by reference herein as if fully set forth.

- 5. The Notices of Intent provided access information for the Contract Website, and Sun thereafter accessed the Contract Website. Unfortunately, the Website's only descriptions of the contracts the Debtors proposed to assume were generic labels such as "Agreement," "License Agreement" or "IT Master Lease Agreement" without any meaningful identifying information such as the actual name of the contract, the date of the contract or even the identity of the specific Debtor that is the GM counterparty to the contract. Further, the Contract Website provides <u>no</u> data with respect to the proposed Cure Amount. *See* Exhibits "C-1" and "C-2" attached hereto and incorporated by reference herein as if fully set forth.
- 6. Based on the review of Sun's records within the limited time provided, Sun submits that (a) the monetary defaults as of this date under the Identified Contracts is not less than \$3,260,368.67 and (b) that such amounts may be increased or decreased once the Debtors identify any additional executory contracts that it intends to assume and assign and Sun completes its final review of its books and records.

GROUNDS FOR THE RELIEF REQUESTED

Failure to Specifically Identify All Executory Contracts To Be Assumed and Assigned Denies Sun's Due Process

7. Before a creditor's interests may be adversely affected by judicial action, the due process clause of the Fifth Amendment to the United States Constitution requires "notice be

⁴ GM does provide a GM contract ID for a minority of the contract listings, but GM's ID system does not provide

reasonably calculated, under all the circumstances, to apprise interested parties of the pendency of the action . . ." and to afford them an opportunity to present their objections. *See City of N.Y. v. New York, N.H. & H. R.R. Co.*, 344 U.S. 293, 297, 73 S.Ct. 299, 301, 97 L.Ed. 333 (1953) (a reasonable opportunity to be heard must precede judicial denial of a party's claimed rights); *U.S. v. Security Indus. Bank*, 459 U.S. 70, 75, 103 S.Ct. 407, 410, 74 L.Ed2d 235 (1982) (Bankruptcy proceedings are subject to the fifth amendment); *Owens-Corning Fiberglass Corp. v. Center Wholesale, Inc.* (*In re Center Wholesale, Inc.*), 759 F.2d 1440, 1448 (9th Cir. 1985) *citing Mullane v. Central Hanover Bank & Trust Co.*, 339 U.S. 306, 314, 70 S.Ct. 652, 657, 94 L.Ed. 865 (1950). *Accord, In re Golden Books*, 269 B.R. 300, 305 (Bankr. D. Del. 2001) (An assumption notice seeking authority to assume and assign executory contracts, including licenses of intellectual property, is governed by Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 6006(a)).

8. Neither the Assumption and Assignment Notice, the Contract Website, nor any other pleadings or notices filed or served by the Debtors adequately identifies the executory contracts or unexpired leases to which Sun may be a counterparty and which the Debtors seek to assume and assign. Stating that the Debtors propose to assume and assign an executory contract identified with the generic label of "Agreement" fails to provide adequate information to enable Sun to identify the contract at issue, particularly where there are hundreds of contracts (including purchase orders) to which the Debtors and Sun are counterparties. Absent the provision of such fundamental information, Sun cannot determine all of the grounds (if any) barring assumption of such contracts or otherwise governing its rights in this matter, or whether the Debtor has complied with the mandates governing assumption and assignment of executory contracts as set forth in §365(b), (c) and (f) of the Bankruptcy Code.

9. Sun submits that entry of an order authorizing and approving the assumption of any executory contracts and unexpired leases to which Sun is a counterparty without first requiring the Debtors to specify the precise contracts at issue, will deny Sun a meaningful opportunity to be heard on the issue whether any bar to assumption of any executory contracts to which it is a party may be asserted. Therefore, it contends that final approval of the assumption or assignment of such executory contracts based on the record before this Court would constitute denial of Sun's due process rights.

The Debtors Cannot Assume and Assign Executory Contracts to Which They Are Not Parties

- 10. While failing to provide adequate information to identify the specific contracts involved, the Contract Website does list a number of Sun's foreign affiliates. Sun's foreign affiliates are typically a party to a contract wherein the GM counterparty is a GM foreign affiliate, i.e., a GM affiliate that is not one of the Debtors.
- 11. Section 365 only permits a trustee to assume and assign an executory contract or unexpired lease of the debtor. Contracts wherein the counterparties are a Sun affiliate and a non-debtor GM affiliate are not an executory contract of any of the Debtors and cannot be assumed and assigned absent the consent of the Sun affiliate. Accordingly, the Court has no authority or jurisdiction to authorize the assumption or assignment of an executory contract to which none of the Debtors is a party.

All Defaults Under Any Designated Contract Must Be Cured As A Condition Of Assumption

12. Section 365(b) (1) of the Bankruptcy Code require the Debtors to pay all monetary defaults in full and to provide adequate assurance of future performance by the Purchaser as conditions of effectiveness of assumption and assignment of executory contracts

and unexpired leases to which Sun is a counterparty (including, without limitation, the Identified Contracts). Therefore, in the event that a Debtor has defaulted on an executory contract, Section 365(b)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code prohibits the debtor from assuming the contract unless the debtor:

- (A) cures, or provides adequate assurance that the [debtor] will promptly cure, such default
- (B) compensates, or provides adequate assurance that the [debtor] will promptly compensate, a party other than the debtor to such contract or lease, for any actual pecuniary loss to such party resulting from such default; and
- (C) provides adequate assurance of future performance under such contract or lease.
- 13. Both pre- and post-petition defaults must be cured: "The other party to the contract or lease that the trustee proposes to assume is entitled to insist that any defaults, whenever they may have occurred, be cured, that appropriate compensation be provided, and that, a past default having occurred, adequate assurance of future performance is available." 3 COLLIER ON BANKRUPTCY § 365.05[2] (Alan N. Resnick & Henry J. Sommer eds., 15th ed. rev. 2008).

 Accordingly, to assume an executory contract and unexpired lease to which Sun is a counterparty (including, without limitation, the Identified Contracts), the Debtors must:

 (a) cure all defaults, or provide adequate assurance of prompt cure; (b) compensate Sun for its pecuniary losses; and (c) provide adequate assurance of future performance. *See Stoltz v. Brattleboro Housing Authority*, 315 F.3d 80, 94 (2nd Cir. 2002). These conditions "protec[t] the creditor's pecuniary interests before requiring a creditor to continue a contractual relationship with a debtor."
- 14. Alternatively, the Debtors may provide "adequate assurance that [they] will promptly cure" the defaults. *See* 11 U.S.C. 365(b)(1)(A). Adequate assurance of prompt cure

can be shown only by "a firm commitment to make all payments and at least a reasonably demonstrable capability to do so." *See In re Embers 86th Street, Inc.*, 184 B.R. 892, 900-01 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 1995) (citing *In re R.H. Neil, Inc.*, 58 B.R. 969 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 1986)); *accord.* 2 William L. Norton, Jr. & William L. Norton III, NORTON BANKRUPTCY LAW AND PRACTICE § 46:29 (3rd ed. 2008) (emphasis in original) ("Adequate assurance requires a firm commitment by the trustee or debtor-in-possession to make all payments or, at a minimum, to demonstrate a reasonable ability to do so."). Therefore, assumption and assignment of an executory contract is improper where a debtor or *its* assignee fails to provide adequate assurance of future performance. *See, e.g., In re Metromedia Fiber Network, Inc.*, 335 B.R. 41, 65-66 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 2005) (denying proposed assumption where debtor failed to provide adequate assurance of future performance).

The Debtors Have Not Satisfied Section 365

15. The Debtors have failed to provide any meaningful information identifying the executory contracts and unexpired leases to which Sun is a counterparty or the monetary default that must be cured with respect to any such contract or to provide adequate assurance that the Debtors will promptly cure their defaults under any of these contracts. Sun submits that the Debtors' monetary default under the Identified Contracts is not less than \$3,260,368.67. To assume any executory contracts or unexpired leases to which Sun is a counterparty (including, without limitation, the Identified Contracts), the Debtors must cure all monetary defaults, whether they arise pre- or post-petition, and provide adequate assurance that all post-petition debts will be paid in full.

⁵ This includes approximately \$1,587,146 in delinquent payments under certain Schedules administered by Hewlett-Packard for the Debtors.

RESERVATION OF RIGHTS

- 16. In the absence of any further identification of the executory contracts to be assumed and assigned by the Debtors, Sun understands that the Debtors only intend to assume and to assign the Identified Contracts and, upon payment of the \$3,260,368.67 in monetary defaults and provision of adequate assurance of future performance by the Purchaser (or the Successful Bidder), it consents to assumption and assignment of the Identified Contracts.
- 17. Sun expressly asserts that any and all other executory contracts other than the Identified Contracts are not subject to assumption or assignment until properly identified and Sun has an opportunity to determine if further amounts are necessary to cure monetary defaults.
- 18. Sun's statement of the cure amount for the Identified Contracts is without prejudice to, and Sun reserves all legal rights and arguments concerning whether, (i) the Debtors' designation of contracts to be assumed and assigned is specific enough to include any given contract between Sun and one or more of the Debtors, (ii) any contract designated by the Debtors or the Sellers on the Contract Website, any Cure Notice or any Assumption and Assignment Notice is a contract over which the Bankruptcy Court has any jurisdiction, and (iii) a contract designated by the Debtors or Sellers on the Contract Website, any Cure Notice or any Assumption and Assignment Notice or otherwise is executory so as to be covered by the terms of the Sale and Assumption Order. Sun specifically reserves all of its rights, interests and claims related to any other executory contracts that exist by and between Sun, its affiliates and subsidiaries and the Debtors and their respective affiliates and subsidiaries, including without limitation the right to assert a cure amount with respect to any such contract as hereinafter is determined to be subject to assumption and/or assignment by the Debtors, to commence and maintain an action in any appropriate forum or jurisdiction, and to take such other actions as may

be permitted at law or equity with regard to any such contract (the "Reservation of Rights").

WHEREFORE, Sun hereby requests the Court enter its order requiring that assumption and assignment of any executory contracts and unexpired leases to which Sun is a counterparty (including, without limitation, the Identified Contracts) are expressly conditioned upon (1) submission by Debtors of more detailed information (*e.g.* the date of each executory contract, full contract title and/or contract number, the parties, *etc.*) to Sun identifying all specific executory contracts and unexpired leases the Debtors seek to assume and to assign;

- (2) payment of the not less than \$3,260,368.67 and such additional amounts that become due hereafter to cure the monetary default incurred up and through the date of assumption of the Identified Contracts, all executory contracts and unexpired leases ultimately determined to be subject to the *Notices of Intent To Assume and Assign*, and all additional executory contracts or unexpired leases that are identified subsequently hereto, subject to adjustment of such amount in the event the Debtors (a) provide more specific identification by the Debtors of (i) all executory contracts and unexpired leases it contends are subject to the *Notices of Intent To Assume and Assign* and/or (ii) identify any additional executory contracts or unexpired leases that it seeks to assume and assign and (b) completion by Sun of its final accounting of all monetary defaults pertaining to all executory contracts to be assumed and assigned (including without limitation all (i) Identified Contracts, (ii) all executory contracts and unexpired leases subject to the *Notices of Intent to Assume and Assign* and (iii) any and all additional executory contracts and unexpired leases as may be identified by the Parties for assumption and assignment);
- (3) entry of an order specifically providing that only executory contracts or unexpired leases to which Sun is a counterparty are assumed and assigned upon payment of the proper

Cure Amount and satisfaction of any other terms imposed by the Court as a condition of such assumption and assignment; and

- (4) reservation of all rights pertaining to any and all executory contracts not specifically identified as Identified Contracts by the Debtor on appropriate notices served as required by Court Order;
 - (5) such other and further relief as may be appropriate under the circumstances.

Dated: New York, New York June 12, 2009

Respectfully submitted,

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